## Georgia

## Ranking Highlights<sup>a</sup>

	National Rank	Rank Among Southeastern States*
Overall	<b>44</b> of 51	<b>9</b> of 12
COVID-19	47	9
Access & Affordability	47	11
Prevention & Treatment	41	9
Avoidable Hospital Use & Cost	38	7
Healthy Lives	35	3
Income Disparity	44	9
Racial & Ethnic Equity	36	9

Performance Changed in Georgiab

9

17

19

• Indicators that Improved
• Indicators with Little or No Change

**How Health Care** 

## How Georgia Compares to All States



Worse-than-average overall performance

Better-than-average overall performance

# DE MT ND AK SD AZ OH NC KS FL IN SC LA TN KY NV WY AR AL MO TX WV GA

## The Best and Worst in Georgia

#### **Top-Ranked Indicators**

Adults with inappropriate lower back imaging

Alcohol deaths

Drug overdose deaths

#### **Most Improved Indicators**

Children who did not receive needed mental health care

Potentially avoidable emergency department visits age 65 and older

Hospital 30-day mortality

#### **Bottom-Ranked Indicators**

Uninsured adults

Adults with any mental illness who did not receive treatment

Adults who went without care because of cost

#### **Indicators That Worsened the Most**

Home health patients with improved mobility

Employer-sponsored insurance spending per enrollee

Preventable hospitalizations ages 18-64



<sup>\*</sup> Southeastern states include AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV

Table 1. State Health System Performance Indicator Data by Dimension

Dimension and indicator	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Best state rate	State rank	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Change over time <sup>b</sup>
Access & Affordability	year		2 Scorecard	Tate	Tank	year	Baseline	average	time
Adults ages 19–64 uninsured	2020	19%	12%	4%	49	2016	18%	12%	No Change
Children ages 0–18 uninsured	2020	8%	5%	2%	43	2016	7%	5%	No Change
Adults age 18 and older without a usual source of care	2020	25%	23%	12%	39	2016	27%	22%	No Change
Adults age 18 and older who went without care because of cost in past year	2020	15%	11%	6%	50	2016	17%	13%	Improved
Individuals under age 65 with high out- of-pocket medical costs relative to their annual household income	2019–20	8%	7%	3%	35	2016–17	11%	9%	Improved
Employee total potential out-of-pocket medical costs as a share of state median income	2020	14%	12%	8%	45	2016	13%	11%	Worsened
People with medical debt	2020	19%	15%	2%	37	_	_	_	_
Adults age 18 and older without a dental visit in past year	2020	40%	35%	25%	43	2016	37%	34%	No Change
Prevention & Treatment		2022	2 Scorecard						
Adults with all age- and gender- appropriate cancer screenings	2020	69%	69%	76%	29	2016	66%	68%	Improved
Adults with age-appropriate flu and pneumonia vaccines	2020	39%	44%	54%	46	2016	34%	37%	Improved
Diabetic adults without an annual hemoglobin A1c test	2019	11%	8%	8%	12	2015	15%	17%	Improved
Children with a medical home	2019–20	46%	47%	57%	43	2016–17	48%	49%	No Change
Children without a medical and dental preventive care visit	2019–20	33%	34%	23%	21	_	_	_	_
Children who did not receive needed mental health care	2019–20	18%	19%	10%	27	2016–17	33%	20%	Improved
Children without all recommended vaccines	2020	31%	27%	14%	42	2016	23%	29%	Worsened
Hospital 30-day mortality	07/2016– 06/2019	14%	14%	12%	22	07/2012– 06/2015	15%	15%	Improved
Central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), Standardized Infection Ratio	2020	0.931	0.857	0.419	39	2016	1.142	0.891	Improved
Hospitals with overall patient experience ratings higher than the national median	2020	49%	48%	76%	24	2017	58%	55%	No Change
Home health patients with improved mobility	2019	83%	80%	87%	10	2016	73%	71%	Improved
Nursing home residents with an antipsychotic medication	2020	18%	14%	9%	42	2016	20%	16%	No Change

Table 1. State Health System Performance Indicator Data by Dimension (cont.)

				Best					Change
Dimension and indicator	Data	State	U.S.	state rate	State	Data	State rate	U.S.	over time <sup>b</sup>
Prevention & Treatment (cont.)	year	rate 2022	Scorecard		rank	year	Baseline	average	time
Adults with any mental illness reporting					_				
unmet need	2018–19	24%	25%	15%	17	2013–15	19%	20%	Worsened
Adults with any mental illness who did not receive treatment	2018–19	64%	56%	43%	49	2013–15	57%	56%	Worsened
Avoidable Hospital Use & Cost		2022	Scorecard	ı			Baseline		
Potentially avoidable emergency departs	ment visits								
Ages 18–64, per 1,000 employer-insured enrollees	2019	177	137	73	40	2015	164	159	No Change
Age 65 and older, per 1,000 Medicare beneficiaries	2020	136	137	112	25	2016	186	185	Improved
Admissions for ambulatory care–sensitive	e conditions								
Ages 18–64, per 1,000 employer-insured enrollees	2019	7	7	6	39	2015	5	5	Worsened
Age 65 and older, per 1,000 Medicare beneficiaries	2020	33	29	16	41	2016	46	43	Improved
30-day hospital readmissions									
Ages 18–64, per 1,000 employer-insured enrollees	2019	3	3	3	23	2015	3	3	Worsened
Age 65 and older, per 1,000 Medicare beneficiaries	2020	34	33	17	30	2016	39	40	Improved
Skilled nursing facility patients with a hospital readmission	2016	20%	19%	11%	32	2012	21%	20%	No Change
Long-stay nursing home residents hospitalized within a six-month period	2016	16%	15%	5%	28	2012	19%	17%	Improved
Home health patients also enrolled in Medicare with a hospital admission	2019	17%	15%	11%	37	2016	17%	16%	No Change
Adults with inappropriate lower back imaging	2019	63%	68%	57%	5	2015	65%	71%	No Change
Employer-sponsored insurance spending per enrollee	2019	\$5,919	\$5,354	\$4,082	43	2015	\$4,507	\$4,736	Worsened
Medicare spending per beneficiary	2020	\$9,885	\$9,677	\$6,256	36	2016	\$9,244	\$9,342	Worsened
Primary care spending as a share of total	al health care	spending							
Ages 18–64 (employer-insured enrollees)	2019	7%	7%	11%	26	2018	6%	6%	No Change
Age 65 and older (Medicare beneficiaries)	2020	6%	6%	8%	14	2016	6%	6%	No Change
Healthy Lives 2022 Scorecard							Baseline		
Premature deaths from treatable causes per 100,000 population	2019–20	101	86	60	41	2018–19	98	84	No Change
Premature deaths from preventable causes per 100,000 population	2019–20	177	173	131	25	2018–19	171	166	No Change

Table 1. State Health System Performance Indicator Data by Dimension (cont.)

Dimension and indicator	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Best state rate	State rank	Data year	State rate	U.S. average	Change over time <sup>b</sup>
Healthy Lives (cont.)		2022	Scorecard				Baseline		
Infant mortality, deaths per 1,000 live births	2019	7	6	3	41	2015	8	6	Improved
Maternal deaths while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy, per 100,000 live births	2019–2020	29	22	10	25	_	_	_	_
Suicide deaths per 100,000 population	2020	14	14	6	18	2016	13	14	No Change
Alcohol-related deaths per 100,000 population	2020	10	13	8	7	2016	7	10	No Change
Drug overdose deaths per 100,000 population	2020	18	28	10	10	2016	13	20	No Change
Adults who report fair or poor health	2020	13%	12%	9%	37	2016	18%	16%	Improved
Adults who smoke	2020	16%	14%	8%	28	2016	18%	16%	Improved
Adults who are obese	2020	35%	33%	24%	34	2016	32%	30%	Worsened
Children who are overweight or obese	2019–20	34%	32%	23%	39	2016–17	32%	31%	No Change
Adults who have lost six or more teeth	2020	10%	9%	5%	36	2016	13%	10%	Improved
State-based public health spending per resident	2019	\$28	\$40	\$366	33	_	_	_	_
COVID-19 <sup>c</sup>		2022	Scorecard				Baseline		
Adults age 18 and older who are fully vaccinated against COVID-19 and who have a booster dose	2022	25%	37%	55%	48	_	_	_	_
Number of days until 70 percent of the state's population age 12 and older was fully vaccinated against COVID-19	2022	_	354	182	31	_	_	_	_
Days of high ICU stress during the COVID-19 pandemic	2022	375	112	0	48	_	_	_	_
Days of hospital staffing shortages during the COVID-19 pandemic	2022	312	50	0	44	_	_	_	_
Hospital admissions for confirmed COVID-19 cases, per 100,000 population	2022	1,976	1,443	564	47	_	_	_	_
Excess deaths associated with COVID-19, per 100,000 population	2022	411	345	110	38	_	_	_	_
Deaths from COVID-19 among nursing home residents, per 1,000 beds	2022	89	94	19	21	_	_	_	_

Table 2. State Income Disparity Data

	Data year	Low- income rate <sup>d</sup>	Disparity <sup>e</sup>	State rank	Data year	Low- income rate <sup>d</sup>	Disparity <sup>e</sup>	Change over time <sup>f</sup>
Disparity Indicator		2022 Sc	orecard			Baseline		
Adults ages 19–64 uninsured	2020	35%	-27	49	2016	35%	-29	Improved
Children ages 0–18 uninsured	2020	10%	-7	38	2016	9%	-7	Worsened
Adults age 18 and older who went without care because of cost in past year	2019–20	31%	-25	49	2015–16	29%	-24	Worsened
Individuals under age 65 with high out-of-pocket medical costs relative to their annual household income	2019–20	17%	-15	20	2016–17	24%	-23	Improved
Adults age 18 and older without a dental visit in past year	2018/20	54%	-33	42	2014/16	56%	-36	Improved
Adults with all recommended cancer screenings	2018/20	62%	-13	40	2014/16	61%	-16	Improved
Adults with age-appropriate flu and pneumonia vaccines	2019–20	27%	-16	36	2015–16	27%	-13	Worsened
Children without age-appropriate medical and dental preventive care visits in the past year	2019–20	38%	-15	14	_	_	_	_
Children without all recommended vaccines	2020	34%	-4	3	2016	25%	-3	Worsened
Adults who report fair or poor health	2019–20	26%	-20	34	2015–16	30%	-23	Improved
Adults who smoke	2019–20	25%	-14	17	2015–16	26%	-15	Improved
Adults who are obese	2019–20	38%	-8	37	2015–16	38%	-11	Improved
Adults who have lost six or more teeth	2019–20	18%	-12	27	2015–16	19%	-12	Improved

### Table 3. State Racial and Ethnic Health Equity Performance Summary Data<sup>9</sup>

Health System Performance Score & State Rank Among Population Group reproduced here from the 2021 State Equity Scorecard

	Percentile Score (1–100)	State Rank Among Population Group
American Indian and Alaska Native People	_	_
Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander People	64	18 of 23 states
Black People	30	19 of 38 states
Latinx/Hispanic People	16	35 of 42 states
White People <sup>h</sup>	66	_

From: Achieving Racial and Ethnic Equity in U.S. Health Care: A Scorecard of State Performance, Commonwealth Fund, Nov. 2021.

Table 4. State Racial and Ethnic Health Equity Performance Measure Data <sup>9</sup>									
	Data year	U.S. total	AIAN people	AANHPI people	Black people	Latinx/ Hispanic people	White people		
Health Outcomes									
Mortality amenable to health care, deaths per 100,000 population	2019–20	87	35	43	155	52	92		
Infant mortality, deaths per 1,000 live births	2018–19	6	_	4	11	5	5		
Breast cancer deaths per 100,000 female population	2019–20	19	_	12	27	11	18		
Colorectal cancer deaths per 100,000 population	2019–20	13	_	8	17	6	14		
30-day hospital readmissions among Medicare beneficiaries age 65 and older, per 1,000 beneficiaries	2019	38	_	_	46	_	39		
Adults ages 18 and older who smoke	2019–20	15%	30%	_	14%	13%	18%		
Adults ages 18–64 who are obese (BMI >= 30)	2019–20	32%	34%	_	41%	38%	32%		
Adults who have lost six or more teeth	2018/20	9%	35%	_	11%	6%	12%		
Health Care Access									
Adults ages 19–64 uninsured	2020	12%	_	10%	21%	41%	14%		
Children ages 0–18 uninsured	2020	5%	<u> </u>	5%	6%	16%	6%		
Adults age 18 and older who went without care because of cost in past year	2019–20	12%	26%	14%	18%	26%	14%		
Insured individuals under age 65 with high out-of-pocket medical costs relative to their annual household income	2019–20	6%	_	7%	8%	6%	6%		
Adults age 18 and older without a usual source of care	2019–20	23%	21%	35%	26%	55%	21%		
Health Care Quality and Service Use									
Hospital admissions for ambulatory care–sensitive conditions, Medicare beneficiaries age 65 and older, per 1,000 beneficiaries	2019	39	_	_	53	_	41		

Table 4. State Racial and Ethnic Health Equity Performance Measure Data (cont.)9

	Data year	U.S. total	AIAN people	AANHPI people	Black people	Latinx/ Hispanic people	White people
Health Care Quality and Service Use (cont.)							
Potentially avoidable emergency department visits, Medicare beneficiaries age 65 and older, per 1,000 beneficiaries	2019	185	_	_	258	_	180
Adult women ages 50–74 who received a mammogram in the past two years	2018/20	79%	78%	70%	83%	83%	78%
Adult women ages 25–64 who received a cervical cancer screening test in the past three years	2018/20	77%	62%	60%	84%	83%	73%
Adults ages 50–74 with a recent colon cancer screening test	2018/20	70%	_	73%	71%	48%	70%
Adults age 18 and older who received a flu shot in the last year	2019–20	45%	31%	39%	32%	25%	44%
Adults age 65 and older who have ever gotten a pneumonia vaccine	2019–20	71%	69%	77%	56%	77%	76%
Children without a medical and dental preventive care visit	2019–20	34%	_	_	35%	39%	29%
Children without all recommended vaccines	2020	27%	_	_	44%	21%	26%
Adults age 18 and older without a dental visit in past year	2018/20	35%	51%	36%	39%	50%	36%
Primary care spending as share of total health care spending among Medicare beneficiaries age 65 and older	2020	6%	_	_	5%	_	6%

#### Notes

- (a) The 2022 Scorecard rankings generally reflect 2020 data. The 2022 Scorecard added or revised several performance measures, including the addition of seven measures specifically related to performance during the COVID-19 pandemic, since the September 2020 Scorecard report; rankings are not comparable between reports.
- (b) Trend data available for 45 of 56 total Scorecard indicators. Improved/worsened denotes a change of at least one-half (0.5) standard deviation larger than the indicator's distribution among all states over the two time points. No change denotes no change in rate or a change of less than one-half standard deviation.
- (c) All COVID-19 measures are current through the end of March 2022.
- (d) Rates are for states' low-income population, generally those whose household income is less than 200% of the federal poverty level (FPL).
- (e) Income disparity is the difference between the states' low-income and higher-income (generally 400%+ FPL) populations.
- (f) Improvement indicates that the low-income rate improved and the disparity between low- and higher-income populations narrowed; worsening indicates that the low-income rate worsened and the disparity between low- and higher-income populations widened.
- (g) Performance data not available for all groups in every state. While scores from the 2021 Equity Scorecard report are used for ranking states, certain data indicators presented in Table 4 may be more recent than those used in the 2021 report due to updates during the past six months. Certain cancer screening indicators in Table 4 are specific to the Equity Scorecard report.
- (h) States not ranked on health system perfomance for white people in this report; included for comparative purposes.
- "—" means data not available.

Data reported here can also be found in the Commonwealth Fund's online Health System Data Center https://www.commonwealthfund.org/datacenter